

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 8</a>	<a href="#">Friedman D</a>	Ticket sellers.	Amended: 4/27/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Current law provides comprehensive regulation of ticket sellers and makes violations of those provisions a misdemeanor. Current law imposes various refund requirements on a ticket seller, including a requirement to issue a refund upon request to a ticket purchaser for canceled, postponed, or rescheduled events. Current law also imposes various disclosure requirements on a ticket seller, including a requirement to disclose to a purchaser the location of the seat represented by the ticket, as specified. This bill would revise and recast those provisions by expanding the definition of a ticket seller to include a primary contractor or platform, as defined, and would instead apply the refund requirement relating to the postponement or rescheduling of an event only to primary contractors. The bill would impose various disclosure requirements on ticket sellers relating to ticket price, including that the ticket seller would be required to display the total cost and fees for a ticket prior to the ticket being selected for purchase. The bill would prohibit the resale of tickets that were initially offered at no charge and would require a ticket seller to provide printed tickets for a cellular phone-free event, as defined, at the same price that a mobile or electronic ticket is sold.		Miscellaneous	
<a href="#">AB 23</a>	<a href="#">Muratsuchi D</a>	Theft: shoplifting: amount.	Introduced: 12/5/2022 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 1/26/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would amend Proposition 47 by reducing the threshold amount for petty theft and shoplifting from \$950 to \$400. The bill would provide that it shall become effective only when submitted to, and approved by, the voters of California.		Retail Theft	<a href="#">AB 23 (MURATSUCHI) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 24</a>	<a href="#">Haney D</a>	Emergency response: opioid antagonist kits.	Amended: 4/26/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would require the State Department of Public Health to compile a list of all counties that are experiencing an opioid overdose crisis, as defined, and publish the list on its internet website. The bill would also require the department to provide opioid antagonist kits free of charge to as many designated facilities as possible in the counties on the list. to create the		Emergency Response	<a href="#">AB 24 (HANEY) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 68</a>	<a href="#">Ward D</a>	Land use: streamlined housing approvals: density, subdivision, and utility approvals.	Amended: 4/12/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 3/16/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would require a local government to approve a proposed housing development pursuant to a streamlined, ministerial approval process if the development meets certain objective planning standards, including, but not limited to, a requirement that the proposed parcel for the development be a climate-smart parcel, as described, or be included in the applicable region's sustainable communities strategy as a priority development area. The bill would set forth procedures for approving these developments and would set forth various limitations for these developments. The bill would authorize the Department of Housing and Community Development to review, adopt, amend, and repeal guidelines, rules, and regulations to implement uniform standards or criteria that supplement or clarify the terms, references, or standards set forth by this process.	Oppose/Coalition	Miscellaneous	
<a href="#">AB 75</a>	<a href="#">Hoover R</a>	Shoplifting: increased penalties for prior crimes.	Introduced: 12/14/2022 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 1/26/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		The Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act, enacted as an initiative statute by Proposition		Retail Theft	
<a href="#">AB 80</a>	<a href="#">Addis D</a>	Coastal resources: ocean research: West Coast Offshore Wind Science Entity.	Amended: 4/17/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/26/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would require the Ocean Protection Council, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, to establish and oversee, in coordination with other unspecified state and federal agencies, a West Coast Offshore Wind Science Entity for the purpose of ensuring that comprehensive baseline and ongoing monitoring of the California ocean		Travel/Tourism	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 222</a>	<a href="#">Arambula D</a>	Civil Rights Department: Californians with disabilities	Amended: 3/15/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/19/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100	The California Fair Employment and Housing Act establishes the Civil Rights Department within		Accessibility Issues	
<a href="#">AB 235</a>	<a href="#">Rubio, Blanca D</a>	Civil Rights Department: Labor Trafficking Unit.	Amended: 2/21/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/3/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would establish within the Civil Rights Department the Labor Trafficking Unit, which would be required to coordinate with the Labor Enforcement Task Force, the Criminal Investigation Unit, the Department of Justice, and the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement within the Department of Industrial Relations to		Human Trafficking	<a href="#">AB 235 (B. RUBIO) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 307</a>	<a href="#">Chen R</a>	Structural fumigation enforcement program.	Introduced: 1/26/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/3/2023-Referred to Com. on B., P. & E. D.		Current law, until January 1, 2024, establishes a structural fumigation enforcement program that		Lodging Operations	
<a href="#">AB 329</a>	<a href="#">Ta R</a>	Theft: jurisdiction.	Amended: 3/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law establishes the jurisdiction of a criminal action brought by the Attorney General for theft, organized retail theft, or receipt of stolen property as including the county where an offense involving the theft or receipt of the stolen merchandise occurred, the county in which the merchandise was recovered, or the		Retail Theft	<a href="#">AB 329 (TA) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 362</a>	<a href="#">Lee D</a>	Real property taxation: land value taxation study.	Introduced: 2/1/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was REV. & TAX on 2/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would require the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to conduct or commission a study on the efficacy of a statewide land value taxation system as an alternative to the current appraisal methods utilized for real property taxation. The bill would require the study to be provided to the Legislature by January 1, 2025. The bill would make related findings and declarations.		Taxation	<a href="#">AB 362 (LEE) AUTHOR'S Sample Support Letter</a> <a href="#">AB 362 (LEE) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 523</a>	<a href="#">Fong, Vince R</a>	Organized retail theft: cargo.	Introduced: 2/7/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law makes a person guilty of organized retail theft if, among other things, the person acts in concert with one or more persons to steal merchandise from one or more merchant's premises or online marketplace with the intent to sell, exchange, or return the merchandise for value. Under current law, these crimes are punishable as either misdemeanors or felonies, as specified. This bill would expand that crime to include merchandise stolen from a merchant's cargo. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.		Retail Theft	
<a href="#">AB 524</a>	<a href="#">Wicks D</a>	Discrimination: family caregiver status.	Amended: 3/15/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/26/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	The California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA), which is enforced by the Civil Rights Department, prohibits various forms of employment discrimination and recognizes the opportunity to seek, obtain, and hold employment without specified forms of discrimination as a civil right. The act also makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer, among other things, to refuse to hire or employ a person because of various personal characteristics, conditions, or traits. This bill would prohibit employment discrimination on account of family caregiver status, as defined, and would recognize the opportunity to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination because of family caregiver status	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">AB 524 (Wicks) Coalition Oppose Letter Assm. Labor 4.5.23</a> <a href="#">AB 524 (Wicks) Updated Coalition Oppose Ltr. Assm. Judiciary 03-17-2023</a> <a href="#">AB 524 (Wicks) Updated Coalition Oppose Ltr. Author 03-17-2023</a> <a href="#">AB 524 (Wicks) CalChamber Oppose Assm. Judiciary 03-16-2023</a> <a href="#">AB 524 (Wicks) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Author 03-16-2023</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 537</a>	<a href="#">Berman D</a>	Short-term lodging: advertising: rates.	Amended: 4/19/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/20/2023-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	5/17/2023 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would prohibit a place of short-term lodging, as defined, from advertising or offering a room rate, if specific travel dates are selected, that does not include all taxes and fees required to stay at the short-term lodging. The bill would prohibit an internet website, application, or other similar centralized online platform whereby rental of a place of short-term lodging is advertised or offered from advertising or offering a room rate, if specific travel dates are selected, that does not include all taxes and fees required stay at the short-term lodging. The bill would make a knowing violation of those provisions subject to a specified civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 and would authorize an action to enforce those provisions to be brought by a city attorney, district attorney, county counsel, or the Attorney General.	Oppose Unless Amended	Short Term Rentals	<a href="#">AB 537 (Berman) CHLA Oppose Unless Amended Ltr. Assm. Judiciary 04-13-23</a>
<a href="#">AB 539</a>	<a href="#">Nguyen, Stephanie D</a>	Unruh Civil Rights Act: high-frequency litigants.	Amended: 3/23/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was JUD. on 3/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law, except in complaints that allege physical injury or damage to property, requires a complaint asserting a construction-related accessibility claim, as defined, filed by or on behalf of a high-frequency litigant to state, among other things, the number of complaints alleging a construction-related accessibility claim that the high-frequency litigant has filed during the 12 months before filing the complaint and the reason the individual was in the geographic area of the defendant's business. Current law defines "high-frequency litigant" to mean a person who utilizes court resources in actions arising from alleged construction-related access violations at such a high level that it is appropriate that additional safeguards apply so as to ensure that the claims are warranted, including, subject to certain exceptions, an attorney who has represented as attorney of record 10 or more high-frequency litigant plaintiffs in actions that were resolved within the 12-month period immediately preceding the filing of the current complaint alleging a construction-related accessibility violation. For the purpose of defining the term "high-frequency litigant," this bill would revise and recast the terms "construction-related accessibility claim" and "construction-related accessibility violation" to "accessibility-related violation" and would instead include in the definition of "high-frequency litigant" an attorney who has represented as attorney of record 5 or more high-frequency litigant plaintiffs in actions that were	Sponsor/Support	Property Rights	
<a href="#">AB 628</a>	<a href="#">Wilson D</a>	GO-Biz: Made in California Program.	Introduced: 2/9/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/11/2023-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.	5/15/2023 #131 ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR 1ST DAY-ASSEMBLY BILLS	Current law establishes the Made in California Program within the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development for the purposes of encouraging consumer product awareness and fostering purchases of high-quality products made in this state. Current law requires, in order to be eligible under the program, a company to establish that the product is substantially made by an individual located in the state and that the finished product could lawfully use a "Made in U.S.A." label, as provided. This bill would remove the requirement that a company establish that the finished product could lawfully use a "Made in U.S.A." label in order to be eligible under the program.		Miscellaneous	<a href="#">AB 628 (WILSON) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 736</a>	<a href="#">Wallis R</a>	California Travel and Tourism Commission: meetings: records and minutes.	Introduced: 2/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was A., E., S., T., & I.M. on 2/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would require the minutes and records of all California Travel and Tourism Commission meetings to be posted on the internet website of the Office of Tourism for at least 2 years.		Travel/Tourism	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 783</a>	<a href="#">Ting D</a>	Business licenses: single-user restrooms.	Introduced: 2/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/3/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.		Current law authorizes the legislative body of an incorporated city and the county board of supervisors to license businesses carried on within their respective jurisdictions and to set license fees as specified. Current law requires all single-user toilet facilities in any business establishment, place of public accommodation, or government agency to be identified as all-gender toilet facilities, as specified. This bill would require a city that licenses businesses within its jurisdiction to provide written notice to each applicant for a new or renewed business license of the requirement that all single-user toilet facilities in any business establishment, place of public accommodation, or government agency be identified as all-gender toilet facilities.		Lodging Operations	
<a href="#">AB 799</a>	<a href="#">Rivas, Luz D</a>	Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program: Homelessness Accountability and Results Act.	Amended: 4/19/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Current law establishes the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by a best-practices framework focused on moving homeless individuals and families into permanent housing and supporting the efforts of those individuals and families to maintain their permanent housing. Current law provides for the allocation of funding under the program among continuums of care, cities, and counties in 4 rounds, the first of which is administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency, and the others are administered by the Interagency Council on Homelessness. This bill, the Homelessness Accountability and Results Act, would instead specify that the purpose of the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program is to provide ongoing grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by best-practices and to solve homelessness using evidence-based or, where no evidence exists, a data-informed and promising framework, as provided.		Homelessness	<a href="#">AB 799 (L. RIVAS) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 850</a>	<a href="#">Ting D</a>	Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program: round 4 funds.	Introduced: 2/14/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 2/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law provides for the allocation of funding under the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program among continuums of care, cities, counties, and tribes in 4 rounds, which are to be administered by the Interagency Council on Homelessness. Current law requires \$1,000,000,000 be made available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, in the 2022-23 fiscal year for implementing round 4 of the program, and requires all round 4 program funds be expended by June 30, 2027, or revert to, and be paid and deposited in, the General Fund. This bill would instead require all round 4 program funds be expended by July 1, 2027, and would make conforming changes.		Homelessness	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 877</a>	<a href="#">Addis D</a>	Income taxes: credit: lodging for displaced persons.	Amended: 4/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/2/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 11. Noes 0.) (May 1). Referred to Com. on APPR.	5/17/2023 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, and before January 1, 2029, would allow a credit against those taxes to a taxpayer operating a hotel, motel, inn, bed and breakfast, or other similar transient lodging, as specified, in an amount equal to 50% of the nightly rate, as defined, of each unit, as defined, that the taxpayer provides free of charge to displaced persons during a state of emergency declared by the Governor or President, times the number of nights displaced persons occupied the unit, not to exceed \$2,000 per room and not to exceed \$10,000 total per state of emergency declaration. The bill would require a qualified taxpayer claiming the credit to provide to the Franchise Tax Board, upon request, statements with specified information from all displaced persons who occupied a unit in the qualified lodging free of charge.		Homelessness	
<a href="#">AB 950</a>	<a href="#">Maienschein D</a>	Accessibility: internet websites.	Amended: 4/26/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Current law imposes liability upon a person who denies, aids or incites a denial, or makes any discrimination or distinction contrary to rights afforded by law, for actual damages suffered, exemplary damages, a civil penalty, and attorney's fees, as specified, to any person who was denied the specified rights. Current law also imposes liability upon a person, firm, or corporation that denies or interferes with admittance to or enjoyment of public facilities or otherwise interferes with the rights of an individual with a disability, as specified, for damages and attorney's fees to a person who was denied those rights. Current law establishes in state government the California Commission on Disability Access, which is required to provide information regarding preventing or minimizing problems of compliance by California businesses by providing educational services, including outreach efforts, and by preparing and hosting on its internet website a Guide to Compliance with State Laws and Regulations Regarding Disability Access Requirements. This bill would specify that statutory damages based upon the inaccessibility of an internet website under these provisions shall only be recovered against an entity, as defined, if the internet website fails to provide equally effective communication or facilitate full and equal enjoyment of the entity's goods and services to all members of the public. The bill would require, in order for a plaintiff to be entitled to statutory damages for internet website inaccessibility, the plaintiff to prove		Accessibility Issues	
<a href="#">AB 1100</a>	<a href="#">Low D</a>	Employment: workweek.	Amended: 4/3/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. & E. on 3/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would establish the 32-hour Workweek Pilot Program under the administration of the Department of Industrial Relations to provide grants to employers with 5 or more employees for the purposes of administering pilot programs that provide each employee the option to work a 32-hour workweek. The bill would authorize an employer to apply for a grant from the department by submitting a specified application that includes, among other things, a 12-month plan for the implementation of a 32-hour workweek. The bill would require the department to award grants quarterly, beginning July 1, 2024, and to prioritize employers with hourly employees.		Employment Issues	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 1149</a>	<a href="#">Grayson D</a>	Human trafficking Act: California Multidisciplinary Alliance to Stop Trafficking (California MAST).	Introduced: 2/16/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/19/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would establish the California Multidisciplinary Alliance to Stop Trafficking Act (California MAST) to review collaborative models between governmental and nongovernmental organizations for protecting victims and survivors of trafficking, among other related duties. The task force would be comprised of specified state officials or their designees and specified individuals who have expertise in human trafficking or providing services to victims of human trafficking, as specified. The bill would require the task force to hold its first meeting no later than July 1, 2024, and would require the task force to meet at least 4 times. The bill would require the task force to report its findings and recommendations to the Office of Emergency Services, the Governor, the Attorney General, and the Legislature by January 1, 2026. The bill would make related findings and declarations.		Human Trafficking	<a href="#">AB 1149 (GRAYSON) FACT SHEET 2.16.23</a>
<a href="#">AB 1215</a>	<a href="#">Carrillo, Wendy D</a>	Pets Assistance With Support Grant Program: homeless shelters: domestic violence shelters: pets.	Amended: 3/30/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/19/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to develop and administer the Pets Assistance With Support Grant Program (PAWS), to award grants to qualified homeless shelters and qualified domestic violence shelters, as defined. The bill would require grant recipients to meet certain availability and service requirements as they relate to the pets of people experiencing homelessness and people escaping domestic violence. The bill would authorize the department to use up to 7% of the funds appropriated in the annual Budget Act for those purposes for its costs in administering the		Homelessness	
<a href="#">AB 1217</a>	<a href="#">Gabriel D</a>	Business pandemic relief.	Amended: 5/1/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/11/2023-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.	5/15/2023 #141 ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR 1ST DAY-ASSEMBLY BILLS	The Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, pursuant to its powers and in furtherance of emergency declarations and orders of the Governor under the California Emergency Services Act regarding the spread of the COVID-19 virus, established prescribed temporary relief measures to suspend certain legal restrictions relating to, among other things, the expansion of a licensed footprint, sales of alcoholic beverages to-go, and delivery privileges. Current law authorizes the department, for a period of 365 days following the end of the state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 4, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, to permit licensees to exercise license privileges in an expanded license area authorized pursuant to a COVID-19 Temporary Catering Authorization approved in accordance with the Fourth Notice of Regulatory Relief issued by the department, as specified. Existing law makes these provisions effective only until July 1, 2024, and repeals them as of that date. This bill, instead, would make those provisions operative only until July 1, 2026, repeal those provisions on that date, and make conforming changes.		Alcoholic Beverages	<a href="#">AB 1217 (GABRIEL) FACT SHEET</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 1228</a>	<a href="#">Holden D</a>	Fast food restaurant franchisors and franchisees: joint liability.	Introduced: 2/16/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Current law requires the Fast Food Council to promulgate minimum fast food restaurant employment standards, including standards on wages, working conditions, and training, and to issue, amend, and repeal any other rules and regulations, as necessary to carry out its duties, subject to a petition signed by 10,000 fast food restaurant employees approving the creation of the council, as specified. This bill would require that a fast food restaurant franchisor share with its fast food restaurant franchisee all civil legal responsibility and civil liability for the franchisee's violations of prescribed laws and orders or their implementing rules or regulations. The bill would authorize enforcement of those provisions against a franchisor, including administratively or by civil action, to the same extent that they may be enforced against the franchisee. The bill would require that a franchisor have the opportunity to cure a violation after written notice, as prescribed, before civil action may be commenced. The bill would provide that a waiver of the bill's provisions, or any agreement by a franchisee to indemnify its franchisor for liability, is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable. The bill would authorize a franchisee, if the terms of a fast food restaurant franchise prevent or create a substantial barrier to the franchisee's compliance with the prescribed laws and orders and their implementing rules and regulations, or any changes to them, to file an action against its		Franchise	
<a href="#">AB 1347</a>	<a href="#">Ting D</a>	Solid waste: paper waste: proofs of purchase.	Amended: 5/2/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would require a business, as defined, that accepts payment through cash, credit, or debit transactions, subject to certain exceptions, to provide a consumer with certain options related to the receipt of the consumer's proof of purchase and would prohibit a business from printing a paper proof of purchase if the consumer opts to not receive a proof of purchase, unless otherwise required by state or federal law. The bill would not require the proof of purchase to be provided in electronic form if the business is incapable of sending an electronic proof of purchase due to unexpected technical difficulties. The bill would prohibit a paper proof of purchase provided to a consumer by a business from containing bisphenol A or bisphenol S, and from including items not essential to the transaction, including, but not limited to, coupons or advertisements. The bill would specify that the first and 2nd violations of any of those provisions would result in a notice of violation and any subsequent violation would be punishable by a civil penalty of \$25 for each day the business is in violation, but not to exceed an annual total of \$300. The bill would authorize the Attorney General, a county counsel, a district attorney, or a city attorney to enforce those provisions.		Miscellaneous	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 1356</a>	<a href="#">Haney D</a>	Relocations, terminations, and mass layoffs.	Amended: 4/26/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	The California Worker Adjustment and Retraining Act governs relocations, terminations, and mass layoffs. Current law prohibits an employer from ordering a mass layoff, relocation, or termination at a covered establishment unless, 60 days before the order takes effect, the employer gives written notice of the order, as prescribed. Current law exempts certain types of employment from the act, including seasonal employment where the employees were hired with the understanding that their employment was seasonal and temporary (seasonal employment exemption). Current law makes an employer who fails to give notice as required liable to each employee entitled to notice who lost their employment for prescribed compensation, calculated for the period of the employer's violation, up to a maximum of 60 days, or 1/2 the number of days that the employee was employed by the employer, whichever period is smaller. Current law authorizes the Labor Commissioner to enforce specified provisions of existing law, as prescribed. Current law defines terms for its purposes, including definitions for the terms "employer" and "employee." Current law defines "mass layoff" for purposes of the act to mean a layoff during any 30-day period of 50 or more employees at a covered establishment, and defines "covered establishment" as an industrial or commercial facility that employs, or has employed within the preceding 12 months, 75 or more persons. This bill would require the		Employment Issues	<a href="#">AB 1356 (HANEY) FACT SHEET 03.02.2023</a>
<a href="#">AB 1381</a>	<a href="#">Weber D</a>	Employment protections: call centers.	Introduced: 2/17/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/19/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would require each state agency, on and after January 1, 2025, that enters a contract with a private entity specifically for call center services to provide public or customer service for that agency or another state agency to ensure that no later than January 1, 2026, at least 90% of the call center work is conducted in California, except in specified circumstances.		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">AB 1404</a>	<a href="#">Carrillo, Wendy D</a>	Disability access: internet website-related accessibility claims.	Amended: 4/26/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/11/2023-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.	5/15/2023 #152 ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR 1ST DAY-ASSEMBLY BILLS	The Unruh Civil Rights Act and federal law, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, prohibit discrimination on the basis of various specified personal characteristics, including disability. The Construction-Related Accessibility Standards Compliance Act requires an attorney to provide a written advisory with each demand letter or complaint, as defined, sent to or served upon a defendant or potential defendant for any construction-related accessibility claim. Current law also requires an attorney who sends or serves a complaint alleging that an internet website is not accessible to satisfy specified requirements, including, among other things, sending a copy of the complaint and submitting information about the complaint to the California Commission on Disability Access. This bill would require an attorney, with each demand letter or complaint alleging an internet website-related accessibility claim, to provide the defendant with a copy of a written advisory notice pertaining to disability access laws, as specified.		Accessibility Issues	



CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 1431</a>	<a href="#">Zbur D</a>	Housing: the California Housing Security Act.	Amended: 3/23/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 3/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would, upon appropriation of the Legislature, establish the California Housing Security Program to provide a housing subsidy to eligible persons, as specified, to reduce housing insecurity and help Californians meet their basic housing needs. To create the program, the bill would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to establish a 2-year pilot program in up to 4 counties, as specified. The bill would require the department to issue guidelines to establish the program that include, among other things, the amount of the subsidy that shall be the amount necessary to cover the portion of a person's rent to prevent homelessness, but shall not exceed \$2,000 per month. Under the bill, the subsidy would not be considered income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits for any other public assistance program, nor would participation in other benefits exclude a person from eligibility for the subsidy. Under the bill, an undocumented person, as specified, who otherwise qualifies for the subsidy would be eligible for the subsidy. The bill would require the department to submit a report on the program to the Legislature, as described.		Homelessness	<a href="#">AB 1431 (ZBUR) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">AB 1572</a>	<a href="#">Friedman D</a>	Potable water: nonfunctional turf.	Amended: 4/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would make legislative findings and declarations concerning water use, including that the use of potable water to irrigate nonfunctional turf is wasteful and incompatible with state policy relating to climate change, water conservation, and reduced reliance on the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta ecosystem. The bill would direct all appropriate state agencies to encourage and support the elimination of irrigation of nonfunctional turf with potable water.		Lodging Operations	
<a href="#">AB 1587</a>	<a href="#">Ting D</a>	Multifamily Housing Program: report on use of funds.	Amended: 4/17/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Current law establishes the Multifamily Housing Program, administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development. Existing law requires that funds appropriated to provide housing for individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of homelessness and who are impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic be disbursed in accordance with the Multifamily Housing Program for specified uses, including as grants to cities, counties, and cities and counties. Current law requires the department, in coordination with the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency, to report to specified committees of the Legislature on the use of these funds, as provided, on or before April 1, 2021. Current law requires the report to include specified information, including the location of any properties for which the funds are used and the number of usable housing units produced, or planned to be produced, using the funds. This bill would revise the reporting requirement described above by requiring the department to report on the use of those funds on or before July 1, 2026.		Homelessness	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">AB 1590</a>	<a href="#">Friedman D</a>	Major coastal resorts: coastal development permits: audits: waste.	Amended: 4/10/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 4/11/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		The California Coastal Act of 1976, among other things, requires anyone wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, except as specified, in addition to obtaining any other permit required by law from any local government or from any state, regional, or local agency, to obtain a coastal development permit from the California Coastal Commission or a local government, as provided. This bill would establish the Major Coastal Resorts Environmental Accountability Act, and would define "major coastal resort" for these purposes. The bill would require the commission, with the assistance of a qualified consultant, to every 2 years prepare an audit of a major coastal resort's compliance with specified provisions, including the coastal development permit, as provided. The bill would require the major coastal resort to provide for the qualified consultant's compensation for the audit, as provided.	Oppose/Coalition	Lodging Operations	<a href="#">AB 1590 (Friedman) Coalition Oppose Letter 4.11.2023 (002)</a>
<a href="#">AB 1628</a>	<a href="#">McKinnor D</a>	Microfiber filtration.	Amended: 3/22/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/19/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, HOLDEN, CHRIS, Chair	Would require, on and after January 1, 2029, that all new washing machines offered for sale in California for residential, commercial, or state use contain a microfiber filtration system, as defined, with a mesh size not greater than 100 micrometers.		Lodging Operations	<a href="#">AB 1628 (MCKINNOR) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">ACR 72</a>	<a href="#">Wallis R</a>	California Tourism Month.	Introduced: 5/1/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/4/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS. From committee: Be adopted. Ordered to Third Reading. (Ayes 12. Noes 0.) (May 4).	5/15/2023 #61 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS	Would proclaim the month of May 2023 as California Tourism Month and would urge the citizens of this great state to support tourism and local businesses by traveling in the state as		Travel/Tourism	
<a href="#">HR 7</a>	<a href="#">Dahle, Megan R</a>	Relative to National Human Trafficking Awareness Month.	Chaptered: 2/2/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	2/2/2023-Coauthors revised. Read. Adopted. (Ayes 73. Noes 0.).		Would resolve that the Assembly recognizes the month of January 2023 as National Human Trafficking Awareness Month.		Human Trafficking	
<a href="#">SB 14</a>	<a href="#">Grove R</a>	Serious felonies: human trafficking.	Amended: 4/27/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would include human trafficking of a minor within the definition of a serious felony for all purposes, including for purposes of the Three Strikes Law. By expanding the scope of an enhancement, this bill would impose a state-		Human Trafficking	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 41</a>	<a href="#">Cortese D</a>	Meal and rest breaks: airline cabin crew employees.	Chaptered: 3/23/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	3/23/2023-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 2, Statutes of 2023.		Current law requires an employer who fails to provide an employee a mandated meal or rest or recovery period to pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal or rest or recovery period was not provided. Current law provides certain exemptions from these requirements. Current federal law, the Railway Labor Act, regulates labor relations for rail and air carriers and entitles employees to organize and bargain collectively. This bill would provide that the above-described meal and rest period requirements do not apply to an airline cabin crew employee if the employee is covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement under the Railway Labor Act and that agreement includes a provision addressing meal and rest breaks for airline cabin crew employees, as specified, or, if the employee is represented by a labor organization pursuant to the Railway Labor Act but is not yet covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement that includes a provision addressing meal and rest breaks, those requirements do not apply for the first 12 months of organization, or longer, if agreed upon in writing, as specified. The bill would prohibit a person, commencing December 5, 2022, from filing a new legal action brought by or on behalf of an employee covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement, as specified, asserting claims of alleged meal or rest break violations. The bill would state that it does not affect a		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">SB 76</a>	<a href="#">Wiener D</a>	Alcoholic beverages: music venue license: entertainment zones: consumption.	Amended: 4/26/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Current law provides for various annual fees for the issuance of alcoholic beverage licenses, depending upon the type of license issued. Current law authorizes the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control to issue a music venue license, as defined, that would allow the licensee to sell beer, wine, and distilled spirits at retail for consumption on the premises in a music entertainment facility, as defined. This bill would authorize a licensee under a music venue license to apply to the department for a caterer's permit that would authorize the sale of beer, wine, and distilled spirits for consumption at events only upon the licensed music entertainment facility premises. The bill would also authorize a music venue license to apply to the department for an event permit, as specified. The bill would impose a fee for a caterer's permit for a licensee under a music venue license and for an event permit for a licensee under a music venue license, which would be deposited in the Alcohol Beverage Control Fund, and would make other conforming changes.		Alcoholic Beverages	<a href="#">SB 76 (WIENER) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">SB 91</a>	<a href="#">Umberg D</a>	California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: supportive and transitional housing: motel conversion.	Introduced: 1/17/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/11/2023-Referred to Coms. on NAT. RES. and H. & C.D.		Current law, until January 1, 2025, exempts from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) projects related to the conversion of a structure with a certificate of occupancy as a motel, hotel, residential hotel, or hostel to		Homelessness	
<a href="#">SB 96</a>	<a href="#">Portantino D</a>	Historic Venue Restoration and Resiliency Act.	Amended: 5/2/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/5/2023-Set for hearing May 15.	5/15/2023 10 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	The Sales and Use Tax Law (SUT) imposes certain sales and use taxes for the privilege of selling tangible personal property at retail. The SUT requires all fees, taxes, interest, and penalties imposed and all amounts of tax required to be paid to the state under the SUT		Taxation	<a href="#">SB 96 (PORTANTINO) FACT SHEET</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 234</a>	<a href="#">Portantino D</a>	Opioid antagonists: schools, college campuses, stadiums, concert venues, and amusement parks.	Amended: 4/25/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/1/2023-May 1 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would require each public and elementary and secondary school in the state, including charter schools, to maintain unexpired doses of naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist on its schoolsite at all times, and to ensure that at least 2 employees are aware of the location of the naloxone hydrochloride or other opioid antagonist. The bill would require school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools to report to the State Department of Education and the State Department of Health Care Services, on an annual basis at the end of every school year, all incidents of on campus pupil opioid exposure during that school year. The bill would make other conforming changes. By imposing new duties on public schools, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.		Emergency Response	
<a href="#">SB 236</a>	<a href="#">Jones R</a>	Human trafficking: vertical prosecution program.	Amended: 4/11/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/24/2023-April 24 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services, which is required to, among other things, allocate and award funds to communities developing and providing ongoing citizen involvement and crime resistance programs. This bill would require the office, to the extent funds		Human Trafficking	<a href="#">SB 236 (JONES) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">SB 253</a>	<a href="#">Wiener D</a>	Climate Corporate Data Accountability Act.	Introduced: 1/30/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/1/2023-May 1 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would require the State Air Resources Board, on or before January 1, 2025, to develop and adopt regulations requiring United States partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, and other business entities with total annual revenues in excess of \$1,000,000,000 and that do business in California, defined as "reporting entities," to publicly disclose to the emissions registry, as defined, and verify, starting in 2026 on a date to be determined by the state board, and annually thereafter, their greenhouse gas emissions, categorized as scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions, as defined, from the prior calendar year, as provided. The bill would require the state board, on or before January 1, 2030, to review, and update as necessary, these deadlines to evaluate trends in scope 3 emissions reporting and to consider changes to the deadlines, as provided. The bill would require reporting entities to disclose their greenhouse gas emissions in a manner that is easily understandable and accessible to residents of the state. The bill would require reporting entities to ensure that their public disclosures have been independently verified by the emissions registry or a third-party auditor, approved by the state board, with expertise in greenhouse gas emissions accounting. The bill would require the state board, in developing these regulations, to consult with the Attorney General, other government stakeholders, investors, stakeholders representing consumer and environmental justice interests, and	Oppose/Coalition	Climate	<a href="#">SB 253 (WIENER) FACT SHEET</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 261</a>	<a href="#">Stern D</a>	Greenhouse gases: climate-related financial risk.	Amended: 4/10/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to require the reporting and verification of statewide greenhouse gas emissions and to monitor and enforce compliance with the act. The act requires the state board to make available, and update at least annually, on its internet website the emissions of greenhouse gases, criteria pollutants, and toxic air contaminants for each facility that reports to the state board, as provided. This bill would require, on or before December 31, 2024, and annually thereafter, a covered entity, as defined, to prepare a climate-related financial risk report disclosing the entity's climate-related financial risk and measures adopted to reduce and adapt to climate-related financial risk disclosed. The bill would require the covered entity to submit to the state board, and make available to the public on its own internet website, a copy of the report and to submit to the Secretary of State a statement affirming, not under penalty of perjury, that the report discloses climate-related financial risk.		Climate	
<a href="#">SB 284</a>	<a href="#">Wiener D</a>	Vending machines.	Introduced: 2/1/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/10/2023-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 25. Noes 1.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.		Current law requires a person who owns a vending machine to affix to the machine their name and address, as specified. If the person owns more than one vending machine located at the same place, current law instead authorizes the person to post a clearly readable sign containing their name and address in a conspicuous location near the machines. Current law makes a violation of those provisions a crime. This bill would require a person to post their telephone number, email address, or both, on the machine or in a conspicuous location, as may be appropriate.		Miscellaneous	
<a href="#">SB 316</a>	<a href="#">Niello R</a>	Shoplifting: increased penalties for prior crimes.	Introduced: 2/6/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	3/28/2023-March 28 set for first hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 1. Noes 3.)		Current law, as amended by Proposition 47, provides that a registered sex offender or a person with a prior conviction for certain serious or violent felonies, such as a sexually violent offense, who commits petty theft is subject to imprisonment in the county jail for up to one year or in the state prison for 16 months or 2 or 3 years. This bill would reinstate a provision of law that was repealed by Proposition 47 that provides that a person who has been convicted 3 or more times of petty theft, grand theft, or other specified crimes and who is subsequently convicted of petty theft is subject to imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year or in a county jail for 18 months or 2 or 3 years. The bill would also make this provision and the provision relating to a person with serious, violent, or sexual prior offenses applicable to a person whose prior or current conviction is for shoplifting.		Retail Theft	
<a href="#">SB 365</a>	<a href="#">Wiener D</a>	Civil procedure: arbitration.	Introduced: 2/8/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/24/2023-April 24 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Current law authorizes a party to appeal, among other things, an order dismissing or denying a petition to compel arbitration. Current law generally stays proceedings in the trial court on the judgment or order appealed from when the	Oppose/Coalition	Miscellaneous	<a href="#">SB 365 (WIENER) FACT SHEET</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
						appeal is perfected, subject to specified exceptions. This bill would additionally prohibit a trial court from staying proceedings during the pendency of an appeal of an order dismissing or denying a petition to compel arbitration.			<a href="#">SB 365 (Wiener) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Appropriations 4.17.23</a> <a href="#">SB 365 (Wiener) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Author 03-17-2023</a> <a href="#">SB 365 (Wiener) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Sen. Judiciary 03-17-2023</a>
<a href="#">SB 375</a>	<a href="#">Alvarado-Gil D</a>	Employment: employer contributions: employee withholdings: COVID-19 regulatory compliance credit.	Introduced: 2/9/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Under current law, every employer who pays wages to a resident employee for services performed either within or without this state, or to a nonresident employee for services performed in this state, is required to deduct and withhold from those wages, except as provided, for each payroll, a tax computed in an amount substantially equivalent to the amount reasonably estimated to be due under the Personal Income Tax Law. Under current law, every employer required to withhold those taxes is required to, for each calendar quarter, file a withholding report, a quarterly return, and a report of wages in a form prescribed by the Employment Development Department, and pay over the taxes required to be withheld. This bill would authorize an employer to claim, for the 2023 and 2024 calendar years, a COVID-19 regulatory compliance credit in a specified amount. The bill would require the credit to be claimed on the employer's last quarterly return, as described, for the relevant calendar year. The bill would require any amount claimed by an <b>employer to be credited against employee</b>		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">SB 376</a>	<a href="#">Rubio D</a>	Human trafficking: victim rights.	Amended: 4/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/2/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	5/15/2023 #45 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE	Would provide that a victim of human trafficking or abuse has the right to have a human trafficking advocate, as defined, and a support person of the victim's choosing present at an interview by a law enforcement authority, prosecutor, or the suspect's defense attorney and would require the human trafficking advocate to advise the victim of the applicable limitations on the confidentiality of the victim's communications with the advocate. The bill would authorize the law enforcement officer or the prosecutor to exclude the support person, but not the human trafficking advocate, if they believe that the support person's presence would be detrimental to the process. The bill would require the attending law enforcement authority or prosecutor to notify a victim of human trafficking or abuse of their right to have a human trafficking advocate and support person of their choosing present at the interview, as specified. By creating a new notification requirement for local law enforcement and prosecutors, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.		Human Trafficking	
<a href="#">SB 399</a>	<a href="#">Wahab D</a>	Employer communications: intimidation.	Amended: 5/2/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/5/2023-Set for hearing May 15.	5/15/2023 10 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would, except as specified, prohibit an employer from subjecting, or threatening to subject, an employee to disparate discrimination	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 399 (Wahab) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Judiciary 4.11.23</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
					ANTHONY, Chair	employee to discharge, discrimination, retaliation, or any other adverse action because the employee declines to attend an employer-sponsored meeting or affirmatively declines to participate in, receive, or listen to any communications with the employer or its agents or representatives, the purpose of which is to communicate the employer's opinion about religious or political matters.			<a href="#">SB 399 (Wahab) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Labor 4.5.23</a>  <a href="#">SB 399 (Wahab) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Author 03-29-2023</a>
<a href="#">SB 447</a>	<a href="#">Atkins D</a>	GO-Biz.	Amended: 3/29/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/1/2023-May 1 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would authorize GO-Biz to establish the Building and Reinforcing Inclusive, Diverse, Gender-Supportive Equity Project (BRIDGE Project) to promote social equity, civil rights, and antidiscrimination through marketing and advertising campaigns. The bill would establish the BRIDGE Project Fund and would make the money available to the office upon appropriation by the Legislature for the purpose of implementing the project, and would require the office to establish a process to receive donations into the fund. The bill would authorize the office to contract with a private, nonprofit agency, as specified, and to use the services of volunteer advertising agencies and donated media to conduct marketing activities. T		Travel/Tourism	
<a href="#">SB 468</a>	<a href="#">Sevarto R</a>	Trespass.	Introduced: 2/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PUB. S. on 2/22/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law makes it a misdemeanor to commit the crime of trespass, which includes refusing or failing to leave land, real property, or structures belonging to, or lawfully occupied by, another and not open to the general public upon being requested to leave by a peace officer at the request of the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession and upon being informed by the peace officer that they are acting at the request of the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession. Current law requires the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession to make a separate request to the peace officer on each occasion when the peace officer's assistance in dealing with a trespass is requested, except that a single request for peace officer assistance may be made for a period not to exceed 12 months when the premises or property is closed to the public and posted as being closed. Current law requires the requester to inform the law enforcement agency to which the request was made when the assistance is no longer desired before the 12-month period		Trespass	<a href="#">SB 468 (SEYARTO) FACT SHEET</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 478</a>	<a href="#">Dodd D</a>	Consumers Legal Remedies Act: advertisements.	Introduced: 2/14/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	The False Advertising Law makes it a crime for a person or a firm, corporation, or association, or any employee thereof, to engage in specified false or misleading advertising practices. The Unfair Competition Law makes various unfair competition practices unlawful, including any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice and unfair, deceptive, untrue, or misleading advertising. This bill would additionally make unlawful advertising, displaying, or offering a price for a good or service that does not include all mandatory fees or charges other than taxes imposed by a government.		Miscellaneous	<a href="#">SB 478 (DODD) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">SB 497</a>	<a href="#">Smallwood-Cuevas D</a>	Protected employee conduct.	Amended: 4/27/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Current law prohibits a person from discharging an employee or in any manner discriminating, retaliating, or taking any adverse action against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant engaged in protected conduct, as specified. Under current law, an employee who is discharged, threatened with discharge, demoted, suspended, retaliated against, subjected to adverse action, or in any other manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of their employment because among other things, the employee engaged in protected conduct, as specified, the employee shall be entitled to reinstatement and reimbursement for lost wages and work benefits caused by those acts of the employer. This bill would create a rebuttable presumption in favor of the employee's claim if an employer engages in any action prohibited by this provision within 90 days of the protected activity specified in this provision.	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 497 (Smallwood-Cuevas) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Judiciary 4.11.23</a> <a href="#">SB 497 (Smallwood-Cuevas) Coalition Oppose Letter Sen. Labor 4.5.23</a>
<a href="#">SB 503</a>	<a href="#">Alvarado-Gil D</a>	License plates: tourism.	Amended: 3/21/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was TRANS. on 3/29/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law specifies the dimensions for license plates issued for motor vehicles, other than motorcycles. Current law establishes the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, including the Office of Tourism, which has a partnership with Visit California, a nonprofit organization with a mission to develop and maintain marketing programs that inspire travel to and within California. This bill would require that license plates issued to motor vehicles display the internet website for Visit California.		Travel/Tourism	
<a href="#">SB 525</a>	<a href="#">Durazo D</a>	Minimum wage: health care workers.	Amended: 4/17/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/1/2023-May 1 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Current law generally requires the minimum wage for all industries to not be less than specified amounts to be increased until it is \$15 per hour commencing January 1, 2022, for employers employing 26 or more employees and commencing January 1, 2023, for employers employing 25 or fewer employees. Current law makes a violation of minimum wage requirements a misdemeanor. This bill would require a health care worker minimum wage of \$25 per hour for hours worked in covered health care employment, as defined, subject to adjustment, as prescribed. The bill would provide that the health care worker minimum wage constitutes the state minimum wage for covered health care employment for all purposes under the Labor Code and the Wage Orders of the Industrial Welfare Commission.		Employment Issues	



CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 553</a>	<a href="#">Cortese D</a>	Occupational safety: workplace violence: restraining orders and workplace violence prevention plan.	Amended: 4/17/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Current law authorizes any employer, whose employee has suffered unlawful violence or a credible threat of violence from any individual that can reasonably be construed to be carried out or to have been carried out at the workplace, to seek a temporary restraining order and an order after hearing on behalf of the employee and other employees at the workplace, as described. This bill would also authorize a collective bargaining representative of an employee, as described above, to seek a temporary restraining order and an order after hearing on behalf of the employee and other employees at the workplace, as described.		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">SB 585</a>	<a href="#">Niello R</a>	Disability access: construction-related accessibility claims: statutory damages: attorney's fees and costs.	Introduced: 2/15/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/4/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	5/15/2023 #61 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE	Current law prohibits discrimination on the basis of various specified personal characteristics, including disability. Current law imposes minimum statutory damages for construction-related accessibility claims if the violation of a construction-related accessibility standard denied the plaintiff full and equal access to the place of public accommodation on a particular occasion, including by causing difficulty, discomfort, or embarrassment. Current law, for claims filed on or after a specified date, presumes that certain technical violations do not cause a person difficulty, discomfort, or embarrassment for these purposes if specified criteria are satisfied. Current law limits a defendant's liability for statutory damages under specified conditions, including if a defendant corrects the construction-related violations within a specified time. This bill would prohibit a construction-related accessibility claim for statutory damages from being initiated in a legal proceeding against a defendant until the defendant has been served with a demand letter specifying each alleged violation of a construction-related accessibility standard and given 120 days to correct the alleged violation.		Accessibility Issues	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 592</a>	<a href="#">Newman D</a>	Labor standards information and enforcement.	Introduced: 2/15/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 2/22/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law creates with the Department of Industrial Relations, and establishes within the department the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE), which is headed by the Labor Commissioner. The DLSE is generally charged with enforcing employment statutes and regulations, either in administrative actions or through litigation. Current law imposes various administrative sanctions, civil fines and penalties, and criminal penalties for violations of employment statutes or regulations. This bill would prohibit the imposition of punishment or liability for costs upon a person who has relied upon a published opinion letter or an enforcement policy, as defined, of DLSE that is displayed on the internet website of the division, except for restitution of unpaid wages, for violations of statutes or regulations in judicial or administrative proceedings if the person pleads and proves specified facts. The bill would require a person asserting this defense to have acted in good faith, to have relied upon, and conformed to, the applicable opinion letter or enforcement policy, and to have provided true and correct information to the division, among other things.	Support/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 592 (Newman) Coalition Support Updated Sen. Labor 4.12.23</a>  <a href="#">SB 592 (Newman) Coalition Support-Sponsor Letter Sen. Labor 4.5.23</a>
<a href="#">SB 602</a>	<a href="#">Archuleta D</a>	Trespass.	Amended: 3/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/4/2023-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.		Current law makes it a misdemeanor to commit the crime of trespass, which includes refusing or failing to leave land, real property, or structures belonging to, or lawfully occupied by, another and not open to the general public upon being requested to leave by a peace officer at the request of the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession and upon being informed by the peace officer that they are acting at the request of the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession. Current law requires the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession to make a separate request to the peace officer on each occasion when the peace officer's assistance in dealing with a trespass is requested, except that a single request for peace officer assistance may be made for a period not to exceed 12 months when the premises or property is closed to the public and posted as being closed. Existing law requires the requester to inform the law enforcement agency to which the request was made when the assistance is no longer desired before the 12-month period expires. Current law also authorizes a single request for a peace officer's assistance to be made for a period of time not to exceed 30 days and identified by specific dates when there is a fire hazard or the owner, the owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession is absent from the property. Under current law, a request for assistance expires when ownership of the property changes or upon a change in the person		Trespass	
<a href="#">SB 616</a>	<a href="#">Gonzalez D</a>	Sick days: paid sick days accrual and use: unpaid sick leave for railroad employees.	Amended: 4/24/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	The Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 establishes requirements relating to paid sick days and paid sick leave, as described. The act excludes specified employees from its	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 616 (L. GONZALEZ) FACT SHEET 4.12.23</a> <a href="#">SB 616 (Gonzalez) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Labor 4.12.23</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
						act excludes specified employees from its provisions, including an employee covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement, as described (CBA employees). This bill would exclude railroad carrier employers and their employees from the act's provisions, and would instead require these railroad employers to allow their railroad employees to take at least 7 days of unpaid sick leave annually.			<a href="#">SB 616 (Gonzalez) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Author 03-29-2023</a>
<a href="#">SB 626</a>	<a href="#">Rubio D</a>	Smoking tobacco in the workplace: transient lodging establishments.	Introduced: 2/16/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/2/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	5/15/2023 #50 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE	The California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 prohibits smoking of tobacco products inside an enclosed space, as defined, at a place of employment. The violation of the prohibition against smoking in enclosed spaces of places of employment is an infraction punishable by a specified fine. Current law establishes specified exemptions from "place of employment" that allow smoking in certain work environments, including an exemption for up to 20% of the guestroom accommodations in a hotel, motel, or similar transient lodging establishment. This bill would eliminate the exemption for up to 20% of guestroom accommodations in transient lodging establishments.		Smoking	
<a href="#">SB 627</a>	<a href="#">Smallwood-Cuevas D</a>	Displaced workers: notice: retention and transfer.	Amended: 4/27/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would prohibit a chain employer from closing a covered establishment unless the chain employer gives a displacement notice, as prescribed, to the covered workers and their exclusive representative, if any, 60 days before the closure takes effect. The bill would define terms for its purposes, including defining a "covered establishment" as a chain establishment that is subject to closure resulting in layoffs of workers, a "chain" as a business in this state that consists of 100 or more establishments nationally that share a common brand and are owned and operated by the same parent company, and a "chain employer" as any person, including a corporate officer or executive, who directly or indirectly or through an agent or any other person, owns or operates a chain and employs or exercises control over the wages, hours, or working conditions of workers. A "chain employer" would also include a franchisee that owns and operates 100 or more establishments nationally under an agreement with one franchisor.	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 627 (Smallwood-Cuevas) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Judiciary 4.11.23</a> <a href="#">SB 627 (Smallwood-Cuevas) Coalition Oppose Letter - Sen. Labor 4.5.23.pdf</a>
									<a href="#">SB 627 (Smallwood-Cuevas) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Author 03-29-2023</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 640</a>	<a href="#">Portantino D</a>	California State University: food service contracts and hotel development projects.	Introduced: 2/16/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/1/2023-May 1 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would extend that requirement to any food service contract or hotel development project in which the California State University or a California State University auxiliary organization has a proprietary interest and that is performed pursuant to a contract entered into or awarded by an auxiliary organization.	Watch	Miscellaneous	<a href="#">SB 640 (PORTANTINO) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">SB 644</a>	<a href="#">Glazer D</a>	Hotel and private residence rental reservations: cancellation: refunds.	Amended: 4/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/24/2023-April 24 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would require a hotel, third-party booking service, hosting platform, and short-term rental, as defined, to allow a reservation to be canceled without penalty for at least 24 hours after the reservation is confirmed if the reservation is made 24 hours or more before the day of check-in, as specified. This bill would require, if a consumer cancels a reservation pursuant to that provision, the hotel, third-party booking service, hosting platform, and short-term rental to issue a refund to a consumer for all amounts paid to the hosting platform, hotel, third-party booking service, or short-term rental to the original form of payment within 30 days of the cancellation of the reservation.		Mandatory Fees/Refunds	<a href="#">SB 644 (GLAZER) FACT SHEET</a>
<a href="#">SB 683</a>	<a href="#">Glazer D</a>	Hotels and short-term rentals: advertised rates: mandatory fees.	Amended: 4/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/24/2023-April 24 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would require a person that advertises a hotel room rate or short-term rental rate before the public in this state, or from this state before the public in any state, to include in the advertised hotel room rate or short-term rental rate all mandatory fees, as defined, that will be charged in order for the consumer to stay in the hotel room or short-term rental. The bill would require a hotel or a short-term rental to clearly and conspicuously disclose on its internet website a list of all mandatory fees and credit card surcharges imposed on consumers. The bill would authorize certain public attorneys, including the Attorney General, to bring an enforcement action and would require a court to impose a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each violation after consideration of specified factors. The bill would also provide that a		Mandatory Fees/Refunds	<a href="#">SB 683 (GLAZER) FACT SHEET</a>

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 686</a>	<a href="#">Durazo D</a>	Domestic workers: occupational safety.	Introduced: 2/16/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would make CBOs responsible for developing and consulting with the Division of Occupational Safety and Health regarding the core education and outreach materials regarding health and safety standards, retaliation, and the division's workplace safety complaint and retaliation process, including specific issues that affect the domestic work industry differently. The bill would make CBOs responsible for all costs related to the development, printing, advertising, or distribution of the education and outreach materials. The bill, on and after July 1, 2024, would require the chief, representatives of the consultation services and enforcement branches of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, and CBOs to meet periodically, as specified, to coordinate efforts around outreach, education, and enforcement. The bill would prohibit the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health from expending more than 5% of the budget allocation on the administration of the program. The bill would remove the repeal date, thereby making these provisions operative indefinitely.		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">SB 700</a>	<a href="#">Bradford D</a>	Employment discrimination: cannabis use.	Amended: 4/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would make it unlawful for an employer to request information from an applicant for employment relating to the applicant's prior use of cannabis, as specified.		Employment Issues	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 701</a>	<a href="#">Hurtado D</a>	Fruit and vegetable wholesalers: registration fees.	Amended: 3/21/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/4/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	5/15/2023 #66 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE	Current law authorizes the board of supervisors of a county with a population of 6,000,000 or more to require registration, and establish a schedule of annual registration fees, not to exceed \$250, to be paid by any person who acts as a wholesaler of fresh fruit and vegetables under certain required licenses and who maintains an office or salesroom or conducts that business in the county. Current law requires that the schedule be designed to pay not more than 1/3 of the costs of the county for its administration and enforcement of specified laws and regulations pertaining generally to fruit, nut, and vegetable standards. This bill would delete this fee schedule design requirement, authorize the board of supervisors of a county to set the fee schedule up to a maximum registration fee of \$500, and authorize the board of supervisors of any county, regardless of population, to require registration and establish a schedule of annual registration fees, as described above.		Food Facilities	
<a href="#">SB 703</a>	<a href="#">Niello R</a>	Employment: work hours: flexible work schedules.	Introduced: 2/16/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 3/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Would enact the California Workplace Flexibility Act of 2023. The bill would permit an individual nonexempt employee to request an employee-selected flexible work schedule providing for workdays up to 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek and would allow the employer to implement this schedule without the obligation to pay overtime compensation for those additional hours in a workday. The bill would prescribe a method for calculating the payment of overtime for hours worked in excess of the permitted amounts and would establish requirements for termination of these agreements. The bill would except from its provisions employees covered by collective bargaining and public employees, as specified. The bill would require the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement in the Department of Industrial Relations to enforce this provision and adopt regulations.		Employment Issues	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 723</a>	<a href="#">Durazo D</a>	Employment: rehiring and retention: displaced workers.	Amended: 3/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/9/2023-Set for hearing May 15.		Current law, until December 31, 2024, requires an employer, as defined, to offer its laid-off employees specified information about job positions that become available for which the laid-off employees are qualified, and to offer positions to those laid-off employees based on a preference system, in accordance with specified timelines and procedures. Current law, until December 31, 2024, also prohibits an employer from refusing to employ, terminating, reducing compensation, or taking other adverse action against a laid-off employee for seeking to enforce their rights under these provisions. These provisions are enforced by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, as prescribed. Current law defines the term "laid-off employee" to mean any employee who was employed by the employer for 6 months or more in the 12 months preceding January 1, 2020, and whose most recent separation from active service was due to a reason related to the COVID-19 pandemic, including a public health directive, government shutdown order, lack of business, a reduction in force, or other economic, nondisciplinary reason related to the COVID-19 pandemic. This bill would redefine "laid-off employee" to mean any employee who was employed by the employer for 6 months or more and whose most recent separation from active employment by the employer occurred on or after March 4, 2020, and was a result of a public health directive, government shutdown order, lack of business, reduction in force, or other economic nondisciplinary reason.	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 723 (Durazo) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen. Labor 4.18.23</a>  <a href="#">SB 723 (Durazo) CalChamber Oppose Ltr. Author 03-29-2023</a>
<a href="#">SB 725</a>	<a href="#">Smallwood-Cuevas D</a>	Grocery workers.	Amended: 3/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	4/24/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	5/15/2023 #27 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE	Current law, upon change in control of a grocery establishment, provides for a transition employment period for eligible grocery workers by requiring a successor grocery employer to hire from a list of eligible grocery workers provided by the incumbent grocery employer and to retain those employees for 90 days, except as specified. This bill would revise the definitions of "change in control," "grocery establishment," and "successor grocery employer" for purposes of those provisions.		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">SB 745</a>	<a href="#">Cortese D</a>	The Drought-Resistant Buildings Act.	Amended: 4/20/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/1/2023-May 1 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	Would require the California Building Standards Commission to research, develop, adopt, approve, codify, and publish voluntary and mandatory building standards to reduce potable water use in new residential and nonresidential buildings, as specified. The bill would require the commission to perform a review of voluntary and mandatory water efficiency and water reuse standards in the California Buildings Standards Code every 3 years, commencing with the next triennial edition, and update as needed.		Water Use Efficiency	

CHLA Legislative Matrix  
5/12/2023



Measure	Author	Topic	Current Version	Status	Calendar	Brief Summary	Position	Subject	Attachments
<a href="#">SB 809</a>	<a href="#">Smallwood-Cuevas D</a>	California Fair Employment and Housing Act: Fair Chance Act: conviction history.	Amended: 4/27/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/8/2023-May 8 hearing: Placed on APPR suspense file.	5/18/2023 Upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUSPENSE, PORTANTINO, ANTHONY, Chair	The Investigative Consumer Reporting Agencies Act prohibits certain persons, including a person intending to use an investigative consumer report for employment purposes, from procuring or causing to be prepared the report unless certain conditions are met. Under that act, one of those conditions require the person procuring or causing the report to be made to provide a clear and conspicuous disclosure in writing to the consumer, at any time before the report is procured or caused to be made and in a document that consists solely of the disclosure, certain information. This bill would require that information to also include either all laws and regulations that impose restrictions or prohibitions for employment on the basis of a conviction, if any, or all the specific job duties of the position for which a conviction may have a direct and adverse relationship that has the potential to result in an adverse employment action, as described.	Oppose/Coalition	Employment Issues	<a href="#">SB 809 (Smallwood-Cuevas) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Sen Jud. 4.12.23</a>  <a href="#">SB 809 (Smallwood-Cuevas) Coalition Oppose Ltr. Authos 03-29-2023</a>
<a href="#">SB 863</a>	<a href="#">Allen D</a>	Hiring of residential real property.	Amended: 3/22/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was JUD. on 3/29/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)		Current law requires that before an owner of residential real property issues a notice to terminate for cause that is a curable lease violation, the owner shall first give notice of the violation to the tenant with an opportunity to cure the violation pursuant to specified provisions that authorize the tenant to perform the conditions or covenants of the lease, or to pay the stipulated rent, within 3 days, and thereby save the lease from forfeiture, unless that performance cannot occur, in which case no notice need be given. Current law specifies that if the violation is not cured within the time period set forth in the notice, existing law authorizes a 3-day notice to quit without an opportunity to cure to be served to terminate the tenancy. This bill would remove the requirement that the notice to terminate for cause that is a curable lease violation be given pursuant to those provisions and would instead specify that the time period to cure the violation set forth in the notice shall not be less than 7 days, after which time, if the violation is not cured, a 3-day notice to quit without an opportunity to cure may thereafter be served to terminate the tenancy.		Short Term Rentals	
<a href="#">SCA 7</a>	<a href="#">Umberg D</a>	Employment: workers' rights.	Introduced: 5/1/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	5/10/2023-Referred to Coms. on L., P.E. & R., E. & C.A., and APPR.		Current state law forbids a public employer from deterring or discouraging public employees from becoming or remaining members of an employee organization. Current federal law forbids employers from interfering with, restraining, or coercing employees in the exercise of rights relating to organizing, forming, joining, or assisting a labor organization for collective bargaining purposes, or from working together to improve terms and conditions of employment, or refraining from any such activity. This measure, the Right to Organize and Negotiate Act, would ensure that all Californians have the right to join a union and to negotiate with their employers, through their legally chosen representative, and the right to protect their economic well-being and safety at work.		Employment Issues	
<a href="#">SR 6</a>	<a href="#">Grove R</a>	Relative to National Human Trafficking Awareness Month.	Enrolled: 1/13/2023 <a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">pdf</a>	1/13/2023-Read. Adopted. (Ayes 36. Noes 0.)		Would resolve that the Senate recognizes the month of January 2023 as National Human Trafficking Awareness Month.		Human Trafficking	